Quantum Gas Microscopy of Three-Flavor Hubbard Systems

P Schauss^{1,2}

¹Physics Department, University of Virginia, Charlottesville VA, USA
²Department of Physics, University of Hamburg, Luruper Ch 149, Hamburg, Germany.

Contact Phone: +4940428383589

Contact Email: peter.schauss@uni-hamburg.de

Hubbard systems are paradigmatic realizations of strongly correlated many-body systems. Introducing additional species breaks the SU(2) symmetry of the Hubbard model and leads to a wide variety of novel exotic quantum phases. Three-component fermionic systems are at the heart of model systems for quantum chromodynamics where the three components reflect the three flavors.

In this talk, I discuss how we extend the technique of quantum gas microscopy to three-flavor Fermi lattice gases in the Hubbard regime. Rely-

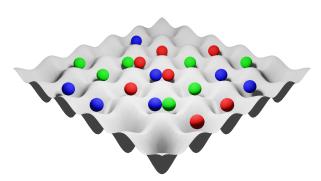


Figure 1: Three-component Fermi gas in an optical lattice

ing on site- and flavor-resolved detection, we studied the phase diagram of the three-flavor Hubbard model and found signatures of flavor-selective localization and selective pairing at temperatures down to the tunneling energy scale. I will compare our measurements with numerical linked-cluster expansion calculations. Further improvements may enable the observation of a novel pair Mott phase at half filling, and clear a path toward the study of color superfluidity and other aspects of quantum chromodynamics.